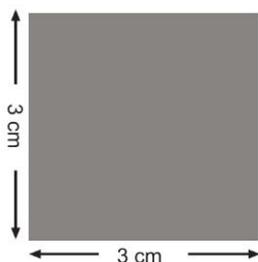


Instructions to know your ring size

IMPORTANT Before using any of the methods below, you must follow these steps:



- Before printing, go to File menu > Print > Page Scaling > None > OK
 - After printing, check with a ruler that the grey square on the left of the sheet measures exactly 3 x 3 cm.
- If the square does NOT measure 3 x 3 cm, you may have incorrectly printed the meter. Re-print the sheet and make sure that the PAGE SCALE is NONE.

Once you have printed this first page and checked that the measurements of the square are exactly as indicated, you may choose one of these methods below to find out your ring size.

Methods A and C are the simplest and most reliable.

Note: These methods always give an orientative measure, they are not 100% exact. We recommend going to your nearest jewellery store with a ring and they will confirm your exact ring size.

METHOD A:

Place a ring of your own on top of one of the circles, until it fits perfectly. **When in doubt, take the larger size.** Below, you will find a scale with the ring sizes and the diameter of the rings. You need to measure exactly the space inside the ring, where you cannot miss or invade it, as you can see in the diagram on the right.



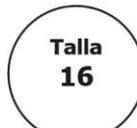
15,90 mm



16,56 mm



17,20 mm



17,80 mm



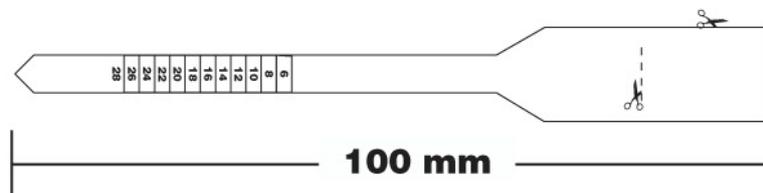
18,50 mm

METHOD B

It consists of a paper meter that will allow you to make an approximate measurement.

Print this page and cut out the image of the figure. Wrap the meter around your finger. When you have the right measurement, write down the number at the tip of the triangle. This will be your approximate measurement.

Below you will find the steps to in order to take the measurement as close as possible.

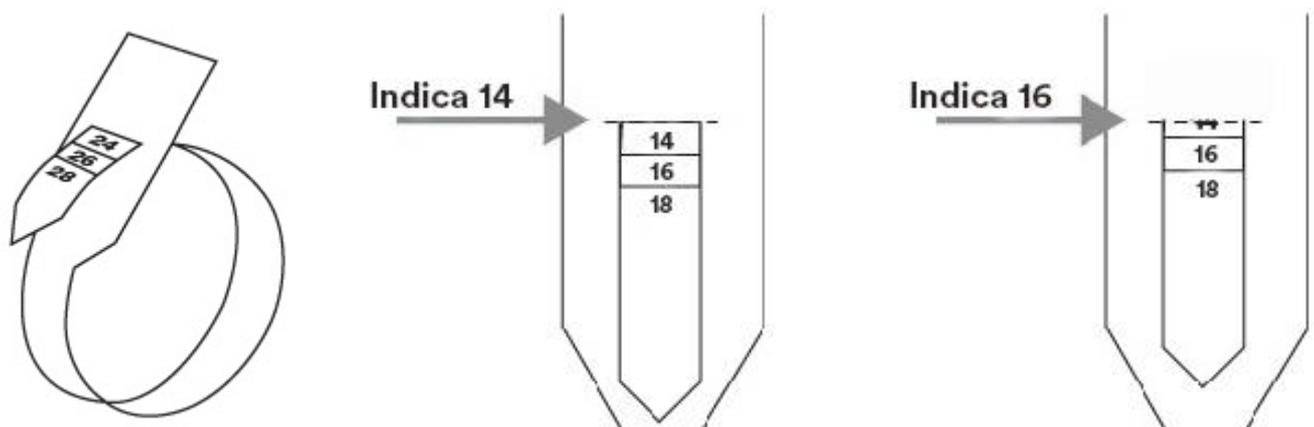


Instructions of the ring gauge

Print this page, making sure the option "actual size", "page scaling None" or similar is activated. We suggest printing on thick paper.

1. Verify that the measurement of the meter is exactly 10 cm. If not, reprint it by modifying the printer properties.
2. Cut the meter carefully.
3. Make a partial cut on the dotted line marked with a scissor.
4. Roll the meter over itself with the printed side out, making the cut as indicated.
5. Place the meter at the end of the finger from which you wish to take the measurement and pull the tip until it cannot slide any further (gently).
6. Once ready, your measurement is marked on the scale at the end of the arrow, as shown in the pictures below.

* The measurement may vary depending on the time of day it is taken and whether you have been physically active.



METHOD C

If either of the above methods doesn't work, we propose another easy and very effective method.

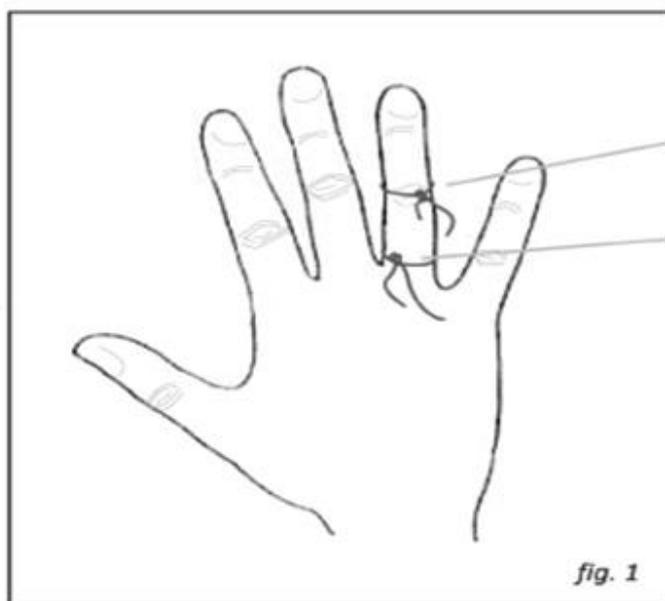
It consists of measuring the contour of your finger with a **string or paper**.

As shown in figure 1, the contour of the finger where the ring is located (measure X) and the first phalanx of the finger (measure Y) must be measured. Measurement "Y" is required as the contour of the phalanx may be larger than the contour "X" and in this case the ring would not pass through.

You must choose the size that corresponds to the larger of the two measurements "X/Y".

After making the corresponding measurements (figure 2), compare the results in the table "Correspondences" (figure 3) to find out your ring size.

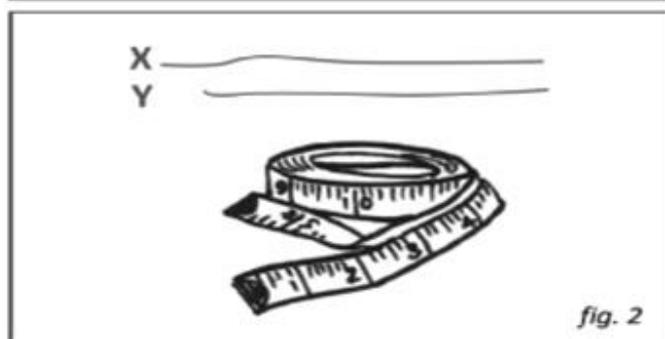
* Avoid taking the measurement with cold hands.



Cotejar con la medida más grande de las 2 (en Cm)

Correspondencias

fig. 3



Medida en centímetros	Tallas de Anillos
4,8 cm	= Anillo N° 8
4,9 cm	= Anillo N° 9
5,0 cm	= Anillo N° 10
5,1 cm	= Anillo N° 11
5,2 cm	= Anillo N° 12
5,3 cm	= Anillo N° 13
5,4 cm	= Anillo N° 14
5,5 cm	= Anillo N° 15
5,6 cm	= Anillo N° 16
5,7 cm	= Anillo N° 17
5,8 cm	= Anillo N° 18
5,9 cm	= Anillo N° 19
6,0 cm	= Anillo N° 20